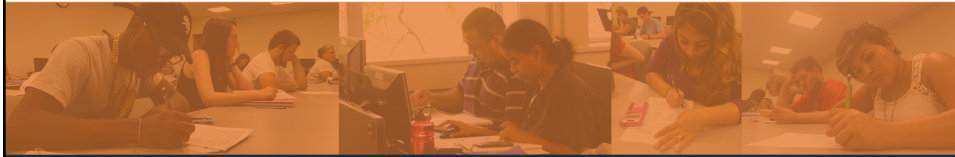




## The HB 5 College Prep Math Course— Challenges and Opportunities

Kathi Cook, Manager, Online Course Programs  
Susan May, Course Program Specialist  
Josh Recio, Course Program Specialist

July 17, 2018



### Engage with the Dana Center

---



[facebook.com/utdanacenter](https://facebook.com/utdanacenter)



[@UTDanaCenter](https://twitter.com/UTDanaCenter)

Conference Hashtag: #gotmath



## About the Dana Center

---

— Equity — Access — Excellence —

## Dana Center by the Numbers

---



## Dana Center by the Numbers

---

By the close of 2017, the Dana Center had contributed to the **implementation of math pathways** in higher education systems, institutions, and campuses in **29 states**.



## Dana Center by the Numbers

---



We engaged with **118 districts in 23 states** to provide middle and high school math courses of the **highest quality**, as recognized by rigorous national and state reviews, including EdReports.org, Louisiana Department of Education, and Texas Education Agency panels.

## Agenda

---

- **Dimensions of college readiness**
- **Naming barriers**
- **Trends in higher education**
- **Investigating multiple pathways**

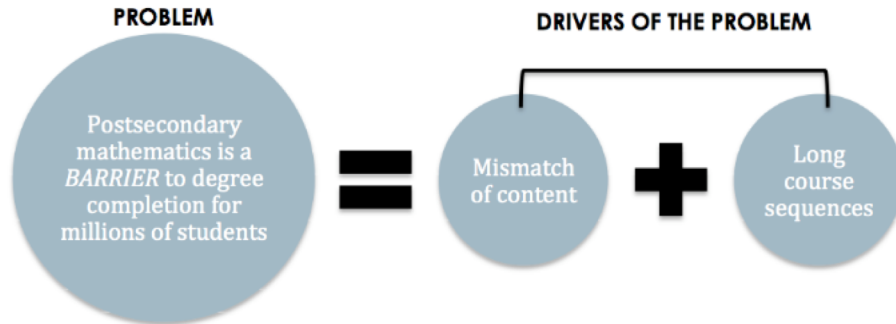
## Building momentum

---

- **Academic knowledge and skills**
- **Noncognitive skills**
- **College cultural capital**

*Building Student Momentum From High School Into College, Jobs for the Future, February 2016*

## Drivers that create barriers for students in college



A growing body of evidence identifies traditional postsecondary mathematics as a primary barrier to degree completion and equitable outcomes for millions of students.

Charles A. Dana Center. (2016). *DCMP Call to action: The case for mathematics pathways*. Austin, TX: Author.

<https://dcmathpathways.org/sites/default/files/resources/2016-11/The Case for Mathematics Pathways.pdf>

“College ready” for what (math)?

## College Algebra?

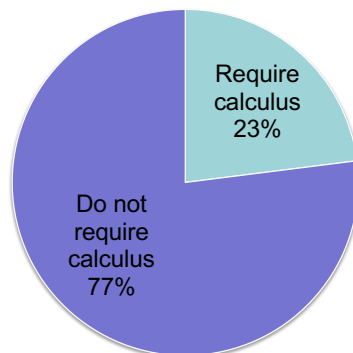
- College Algebra was originally intended to prepare students for calculus.

Charles A. Dana Center. (2016). *DCMP Call to action: The case for mathematics pathways*.  
Austin, TX: Author.

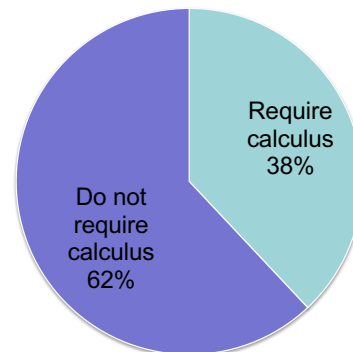
<https://dcmathpathways.org/sites/default/files/resources/2016-11/The Case for Mathematics Pathways.pdf>

## Math requirements

Associate's Degrees  
Awarded



Bachelor's Degrees  
Awarded



Calculations based on THECB data, 2013 Degrees Earned by CIP Code.

## College Algebra?

---

- College Algebra was originally intended to prepare students for calculus.
- In 2004, the Mathematical Association of America (MAA) called for the end of using College Algebra as a terminal mathematics course, citing a serious mismatch between the original rationale for College Algebra and the mathematical needs of students who take the course.

Charles A. Dana Center. (2016). *DCMP Call to action: The case for mathematics pathways*. Austin, TX: Author.

<https://dcmathpathways.org/sites/default/files/resources/2016-11/The Case for Mathematics Pathways.pdf>

## The move to mathematics pathways

---

- In 2015, the MAA, along with four major mathematical professional associations, called for multiple mathematics pathways that are aligned to fields of study.
- Some colleges and universities have begun to respond by implementing math pathways, such as quantitative reasoning, statistics, technical mathematics (for certificate programs), and a redesigned algebraic-intensive/or Calculus pathway.

Charles A. Dana Center. (2016). *DCMP Call to action: The case for mathematics pathways*. Austin, TX: Author.

<https://dcmathpathways.org/sites/default/files/resources/2016-11/The Case for Mathematics Pathways.pdf>

## An overview of the course

---

### Unit 1

- **Lesson 1: Building the foundations for our success**
  - Building the foundations for our success – *Student success focus*
- **Lesson 2: Getting started**
  - How big is a billion -- *Quantitative reasoning, large numbers*
  - Building a learning community -- *Student success focus*
  - How big is a billion (cont.) -- *Quantitative reasoning, large numbers*
  - Building a learning community (cont.) -- *Student success focus*
- **Lesson 3: Working In groups and Creating success teams**
  - Working in groups – *Student success focus*
  - Creating success teams– *Student success focus*
- **Lesson 4: Ratios and numbers**

## Looking at multiple pathways

---

- **What do you notice?**
- **What excites you?**
- **What do you have questions about?**



## Evaluation of model course implementation

---

### 2016-17 and 2017-18 academic years

- Survey to detect changes in students' learning mindsets and strategies
- Data on students' attainment of college-readiness status
- (Future) Data on students' enrollment in and completion of their first college-level mathematics course

## “Noncognitive” factors measured on student survey

---

- Engagement
- Help-Seeking with Peers
- Help-Seeking with Teacher
- Theories of Intelligence
- Perceived Instrumentality
- Self-Efficacy

### **“Noncognitive” factors measured on student survey**

---

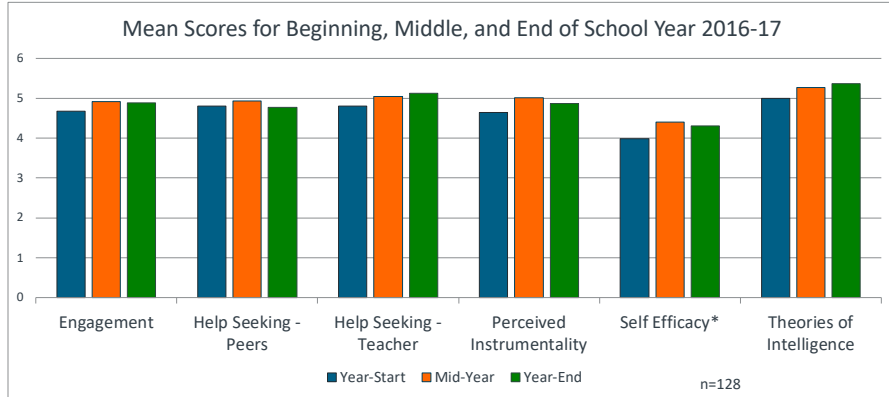
- **Engagement** – Higher scores on this variable indicate that students participate more in general, put forth more effort to do the work, and plan and regulate their efforts more when solving problems.
- **Help-Seeking with Peers** – Higher scores on this measure indicate that students do more to seek help from their peers in the class.
- **Help-Seeking with Teacher** – Higher scores on this measure indicate that students do more to seek help from the teacher in class.

### **“Noncognitive” factors measured on student survey**

---

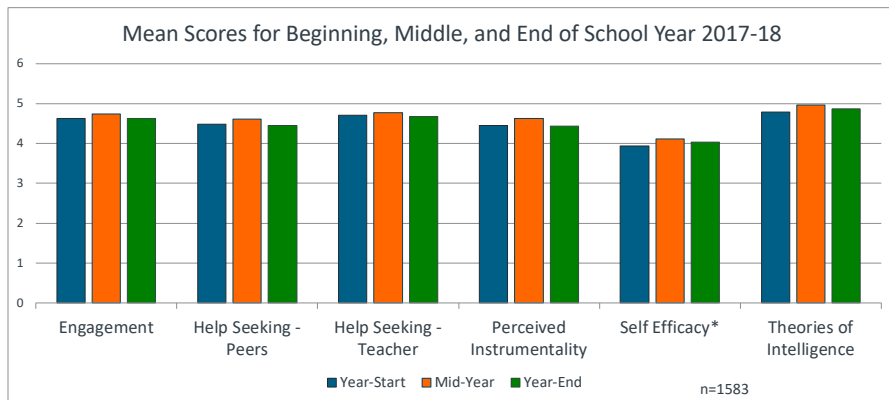
- **Theories of Intelligence** – Higher scores on this measure indicate more of a growth mindset (the belief that one can increase his or her own intelligence through effort) whereas lower scores indicate more of a fixed mindset (the belief that one’s intelligence is fixed and unchangeable).
- **Perceived Instrumentality** – Higher scores on this measure indicate greater degrees of belief that one will take the information learned in class and use it in the future.
- **Self-Efficacy** – Higher scores on this measure indicate greater degrees of belief that one is capable of learning the material and doing the work of the class.

## Preliminary Findings

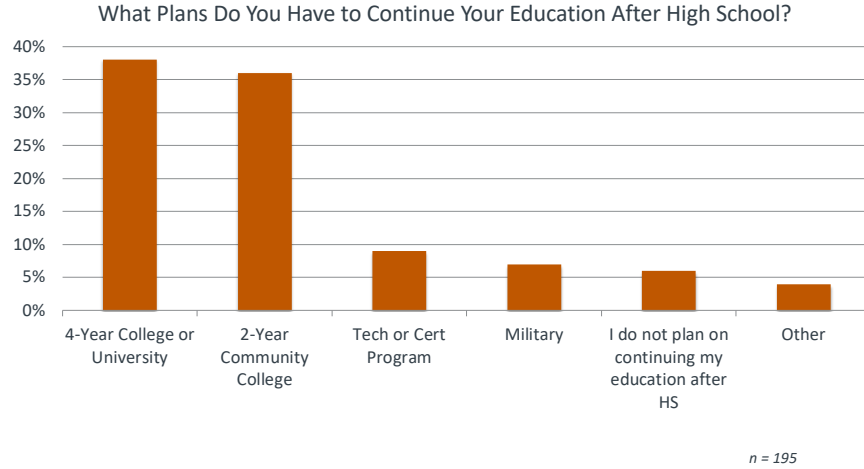


- Student scores indicated a statistically significant increase on all measures from beginning to mid-year
- From mid-year to end-of-year, the only statistically significant change was on *Perceived Instrumentality*

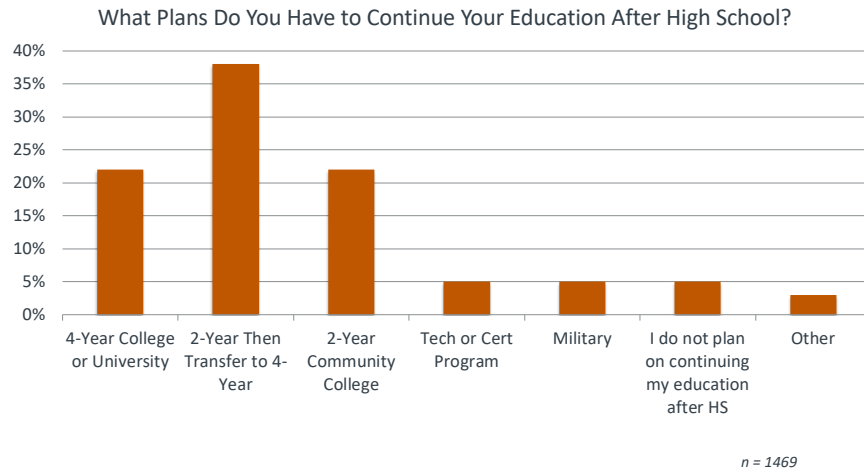
## Preliminary Findings



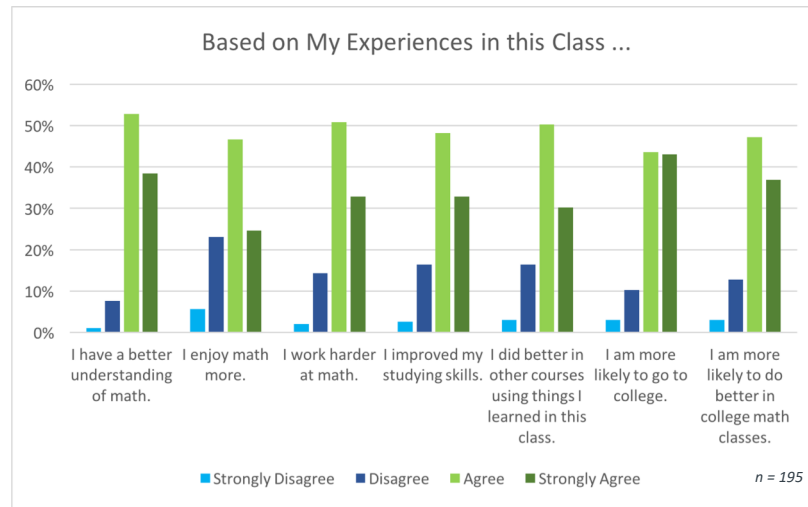
### Other measures (2016-17)



### Other measures (2017-18)



## Other measures (2016-17)



## Student voices

- “This class has helped me learn how to think and put a plan into action before giving [up] or saying I can't do something.”
- “I've been able to interact and by interacting I learn new strategies and things I've never learned before that make processes simpler and more understandable.”
- “It has showed me problem solving skills and has convinced me that I can get smarter.”
- “I've learned real world math that I know I will use in the future.”
- “It has taught me that I am smarter than I thought.”

## Engage with the Dana Center

---



[facebook.com/utdanacenter](https://facebook.com/utdanacenter)



[@UTDanaCenter](https://twitter.com/UTDanaCenter)

Conference Hashtag: #gotmath

## Contact Information

---

**Kathi Cook**

[klcook@austin.utexas.edu](mailto:klcook@austin.utexas.edu)

512.232.5995

**Susan May**

[skmay@austin.utexas.edu](mailto:skmay@austin.utexas.edu)

512.475.7137

**Josh Recio**

[josh.recio@austin.utexas.edu](mailto:josh.recio@austin.utexas.edu)

512.232.5994

Visit the Dana Center at [utdanacenter.org](https://utdanacenter.org).